



- Precision check synchronoscope, sector principle
- Spees raise/lower relay outputs
- Bi-directional synchronising
- Integral voltage differential protection, adjustable
- Synch-on-hold Function
- "Easy view" status presentation
- Generator speed reference (analogue output)
- System status output

Specifications

Monitored Voltage 100-120, 200-240, 380-415, Input: or 440-460VAC, 40-70Hz (Fuse 0,5A)

Separate Aux. Supply: AC: 100-120, 200-240, 380-415, (Only for KCQ333G2) or 440-460VAC, 40-70Hz

(Fuse 0,5A)

DC: 24 or 36-160V (Fuse 2A)

Monitored Voltage: 25-500VAC, 40-70Hz

(Only for KCQ333G2)

Supply tolerance: ± 10%

Contact Rating: AC: 100VA - 250V/2A max. DC: 50W - 100V/1A max.

Adjustments:

Phase angle:
Retention time:
High voltage:
Low voltage:
Pulse rate:
Pulse width:

4-30 degrees
100-600mS
100-600mS
2-15% of net voltage
2-15% of net voltage
12-60 pr min
120ms to 1,6secs

Analogue output: -10/0/+10mADC = -5/0/+5Hz

max 400ohm

Optional output: -3/0/+3VDC (-3/0/+3Hz)

min 50kohm

Temperature: -20 to +70°C Weight: 0.7kgs
Front protection: IP21

Unit meets IEC60092-504 and relevant environmental and EMC tests specified in IEC60068/60092 and IEC61000/60533 respectively, to comply with Classification Societies requirements.

Megacon is the inventor of the original, now industry standard "rotating" LED display, and a trendsetter in modern synchronisation control.

Description

KCQ333x2 provides both visual speed rotation, phase angle relationship and raise/lower speed relay signals necessary to achieve automatic check synchronising of two different system voltages.

KCQ333E2 is the standard and it takes the auxiliary voltage from the monitored voltage on terminal 3 & 4.

KCQ333G2 have separate auxiliary supply on terminal 19 & 20.

The synchronising relay will close when the incomer (generator, busbar, etc.) voltage and phase angle have been within the limits during the set retention time.

Agreen lamp (CB close) indicates the close command to the breaker.

There is lamp indication for reference source present (BUS PWR, only when generator is powered) and incomer status (GEN PWR).

A green lamp (VOLT OK) is lit when both voltages are within the set limits.

While the generator is running close to synchronising speed the **synch-on-hold** function can inhibit synchronising. This feature allows the operator to determine the moment to enable synchronising. Open link between terminal 7 & 8 to inhibit. LED "CB CLOSE" flashes during inhibit condition.

Applications

KCQ333x2 can be used both for single and three phase systems. Any two phases (or phase-neutral) can be used for synchronising as long as it is the same two phases on both side of the breaker.

The unit is meant for manual and semi-automatic synchronising only since there is no compensation for the breaker closing time.

For automatic synchronising, the KCQ104x2 "SPOT ON" principle should be used to obtain compensation for breaker closing delay.

User settable voltage limits, retention time, phase angle and pulse rate and width on the front of the unit.

The analogue -10/0/+10mA output signal can be used as speed reference to a generator controller, with polarity and amplitude proportional to frequency difference between the two systems.

System status:

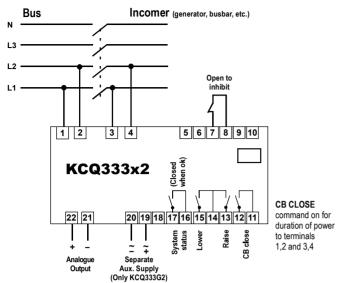
KCQ333x2 is fitted with a system status relay. As standard the unit is powered from generator side (terminal 3 & 4), when power is ok and unit is working correctly the relay activates. It will release on alarm or when unit is not powered. Separate auxiliary supply is needed for continuously system status.

Normal operation : Closed contact Alarm condition/unpowered : Open contact

AUTOMATIC SECTOR SYNCHRONISATION CONTROLLER

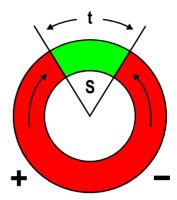
KCQ333x2

Connection



System "S"

Low-differential **SECTOR** synchronising



Description

System "S" the sector synchronising principle:

The KCQ333x2 is a low differential bi-directional check synchronising relay. The synchronising relay closes when the incomer (generator, busbar, etc.) frequency is close enough (diff 0,018 - 0,83Hz) to stay within the phase angle sector (S) for the set retention period (t).

Sector synchronisation is the classical alternative for applications which allows synchronisation accuracy and duration of synchronisation process to be interrelated. There is no compensation for the breaker closing time.

Approximate synchronisation accuracy relative to 12 o'clock position (Df) can be calculated by the following formula:

Df = (S:360)/t(secs)

Example: Set phase angle (S) to 10 degrees and retention time (t) to 500mS to obtain an accuracy of Df:

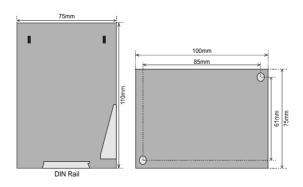
(10/360)/0,5 = 0,055Hz

If the phase angle limit is set too low and retention time too high for very low differential synchronising, it can be difficult to achieve synchronisation. If there is a continuously fluctuating load between the two systems (for example to synchronise against a shaft generator when a vessel is in rough weather), the KCQ104x2 "SPOT-ON" principle is more suitable

The "phase angle" setting on the front of the unit refers to the total phase angle sector (S), centred about 0°. Hence a setting of 10° means the sector spanning from -5° to +5°.

Note: The CB Close LED will flash when unit is ready for synchronising, but inhibit input is open or synchronising mode is not selected.

Dimensions



The MEGACON policy is one of continuous improvement, consequently

ORDERING INFORMATION

KC0333G2 Product type Auxiliary supply 230VAC : 450VAC Network voltage



Norway Denmark **United Kingdom**